

A Fair Benchmark for Evaluating the Latent Potential of Heterogeneous Coupled Clusters

Carsten Clauss
Chair for Operating Systems (LfBS)
RWTH Aachen University, Germany

ISPDC 2007, Hagenberg, Austria



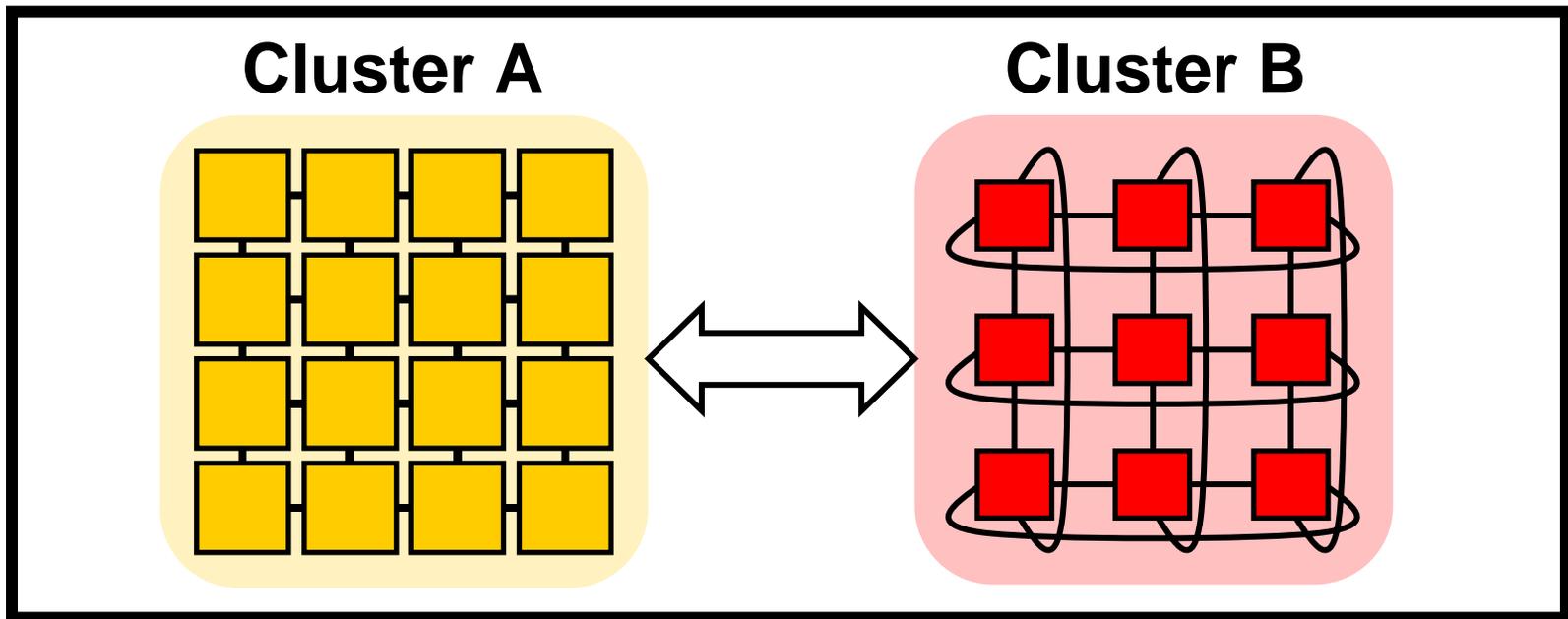
LEHRSTUHL FÜR BETRIEBSSYSTEME

Univ.-Prof. Dr. habil. Thomas Bemmerl



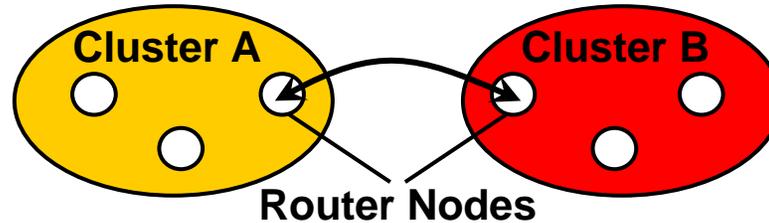
- **Introduction**
- **Coupled Clusters: Issues and Benefits**
- **A Fair Benchmark for Coupled Clusters**
- **Selected Measurement Results**
- **Conclusions and Outlook**

- **Dedicated Cluster Networks (e.g.):**
InfiniBand, Myrinet, Quadrix, SCI
- **Cluster of Clusters / Meta-Computer:**

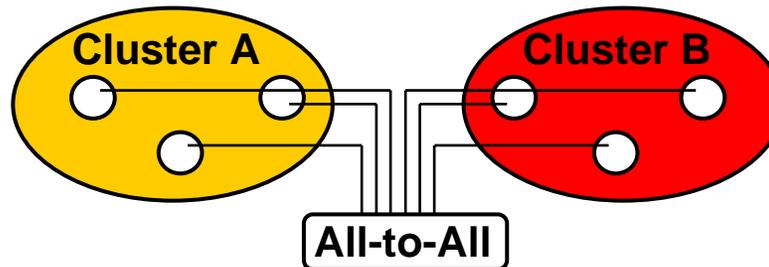


- **Interlinking Network (e.g.):**
WAN, LAN, ...

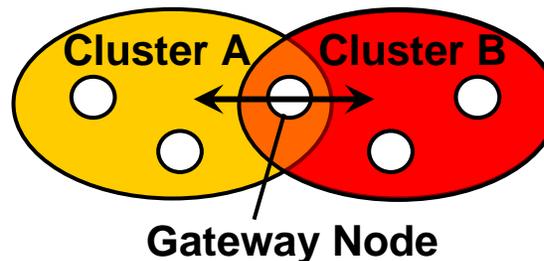
- Clusters Coupled via **Router** Nodes:



- Clusters with an **All-to-All** Connectivity:



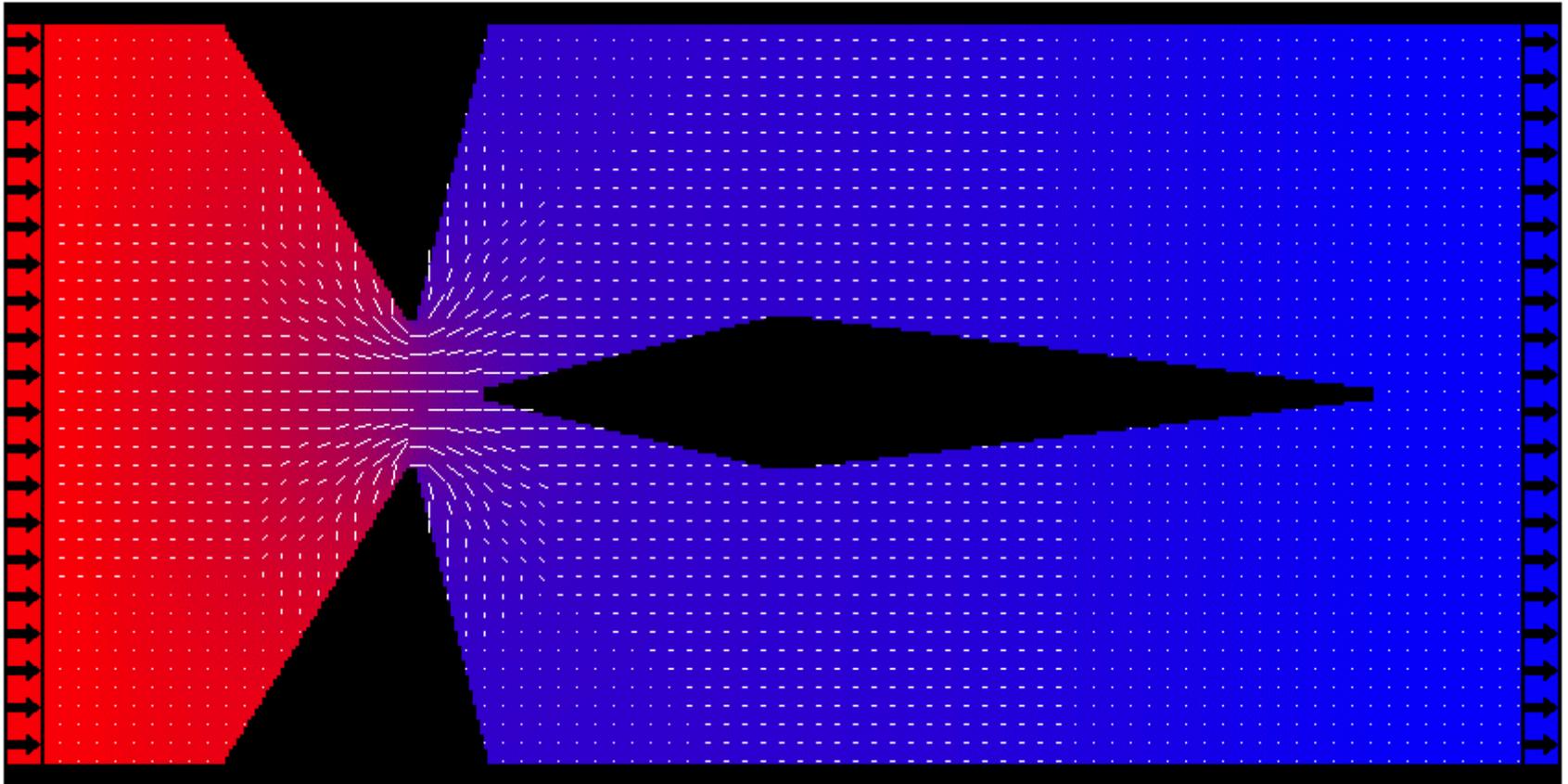
- Coupled Clusters with a **Gateway** Node:



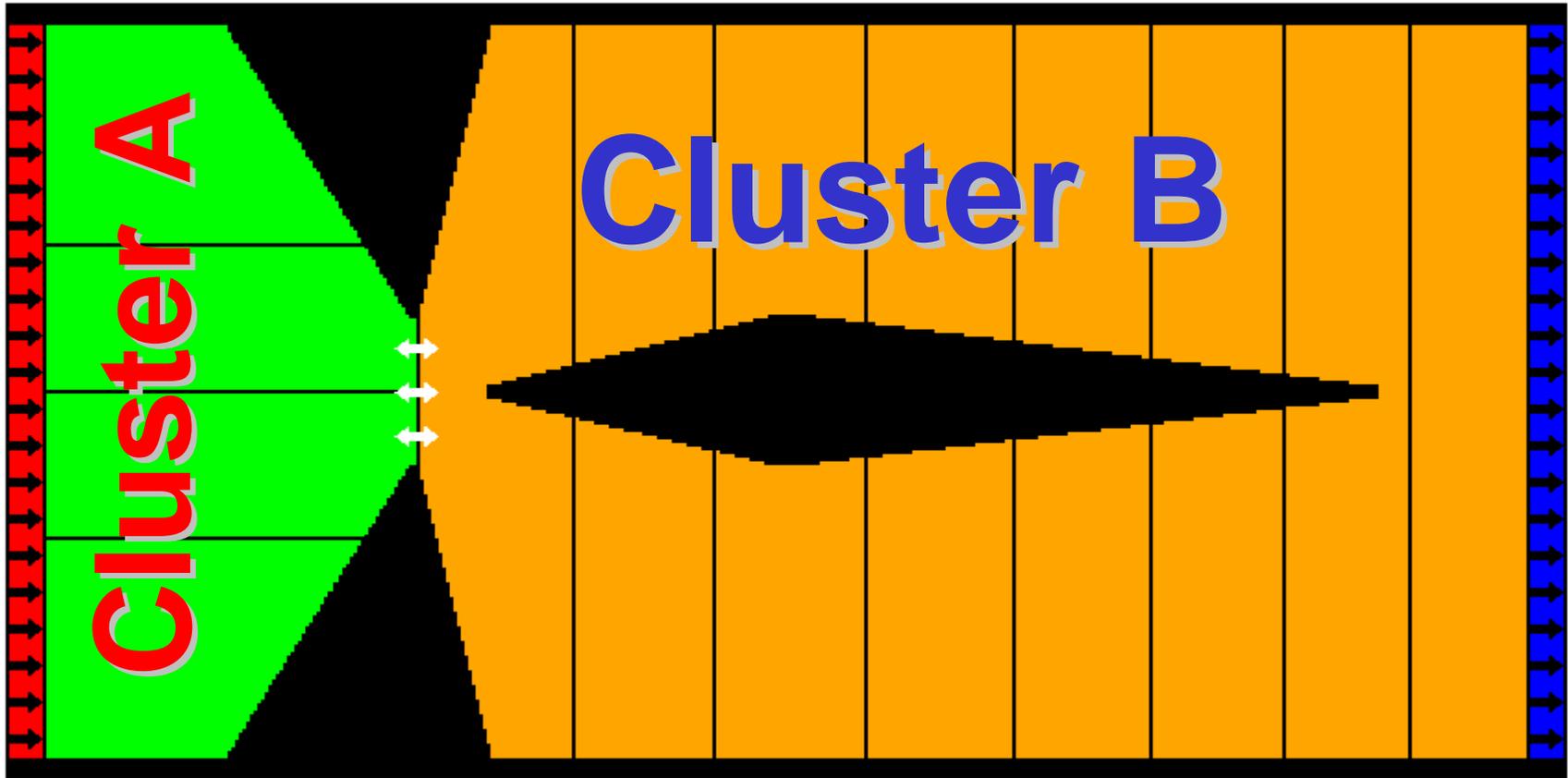
- **Heterogeneous Communication Structures!**
- **→ Need: Topology-aware Message-Passing!**
- **Meta-computing and Grid-enabled MPI-libraries:**
 - **GridMPI**
 - **MPICH-G2**
 - **PACX-MPI**
 - **MetaMPICH**
 - **MPICH/Madeleine**
 - **...**

- **Inter-Cluster Communication is the Bottleneck!**
- **→ Further Need: **Topology-aware Applications!****
- **Adaptation Features Offered by the Libraries:**
 - **New Pre-defined Communicators
(e.g. `MPI_COMM_LOCAL` / MetaMPICH)**
 - **Additional Communicator Attributes
(e.g. topology *depths* and *colors* / MPICH-G2)**

- **Example of an Adapted Application:**



- Example of an Adapted Application:



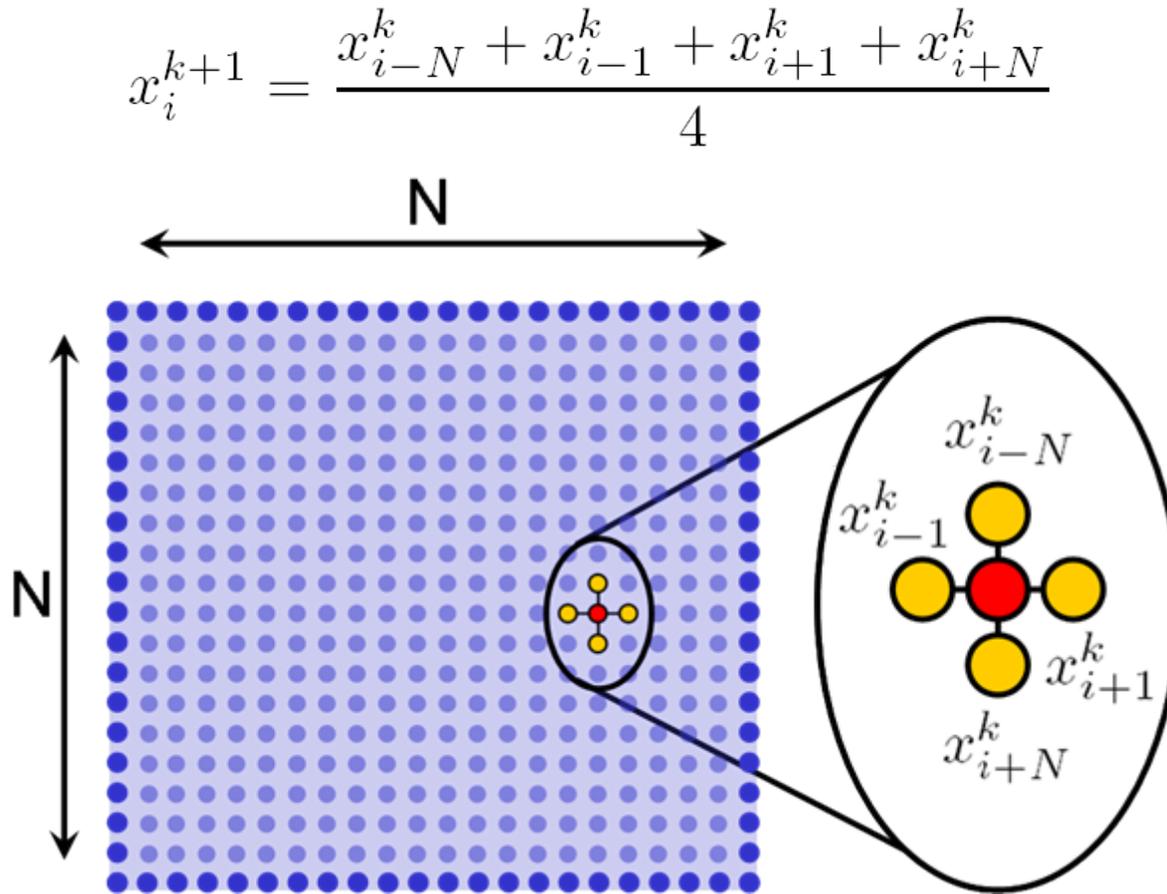
- **Advantages / Profits:**
 - **many more MPI processes** by using the remote computational power
 - **much more *total* cache** memory available
- **Disadvantages / Challenges:**
 - **inter-cluster** communication is the **bottleneck**
 - **non-adapted applications** cannot benefit from the dedicated internal networks

- Why a *Fair* Benchmark?
 - **non-adapted applications** do not scale
 - **regular benchmarks** will report poor performance

- Discover and Deploy the **Latent Potential**:
 - evaluate the system with an **adapted benchmark**
 - **forecast the scalability** of adapted applications

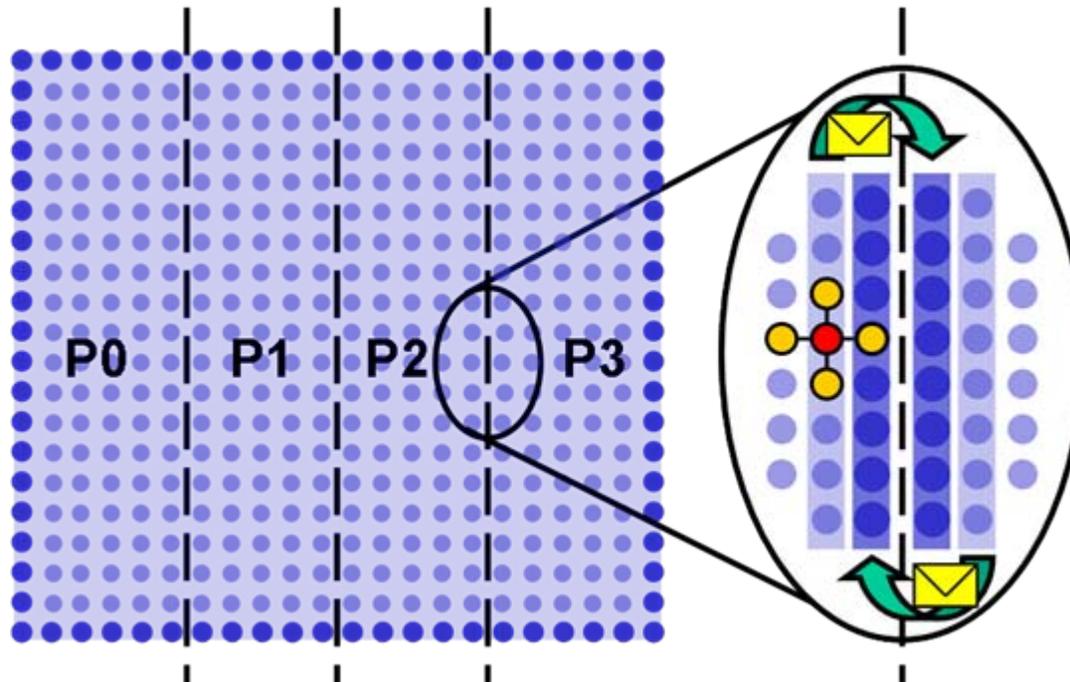
- **Required Benchmark Characteristics:**
 - **comprehensible** and **common** core algorithms
 - **simple** parallelization and communication **patterns**
 - potentials to **adapt** the algorithm to **heterogeneity**
- **Our Choice:**
 - a **simple JOR kernel** solving the **well-known Laplace problem** on a rectangular domain

- The Simple Benchmark Kernel:**



- ... and its Parallelization:

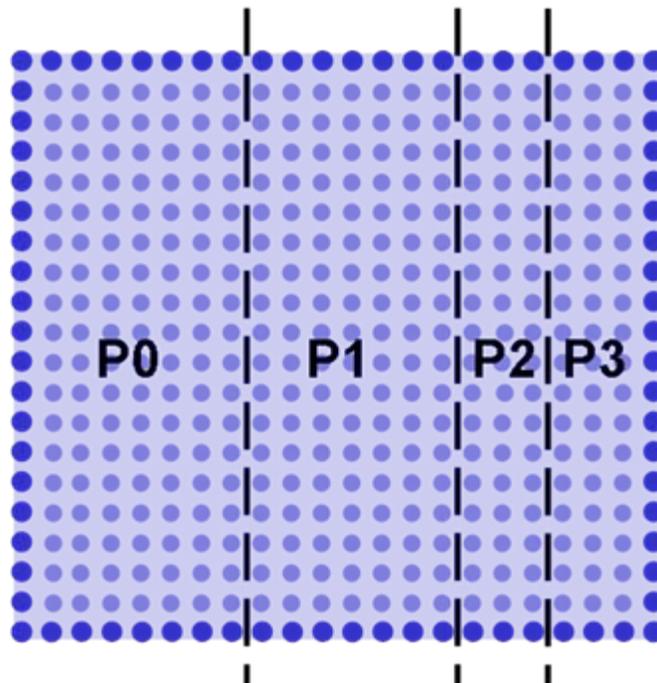
$$x_i^{k+1} = \frac{x_{i-N}^k + x_{i-1}^k + x_{i+1}^k + x_{i+N}^k}{4}$$



- **Adaptation to Heterogeneity:**

(1) Heterogeneous **Computational Power:**

→ apply **load balancing** via an adapted domain decomposition!

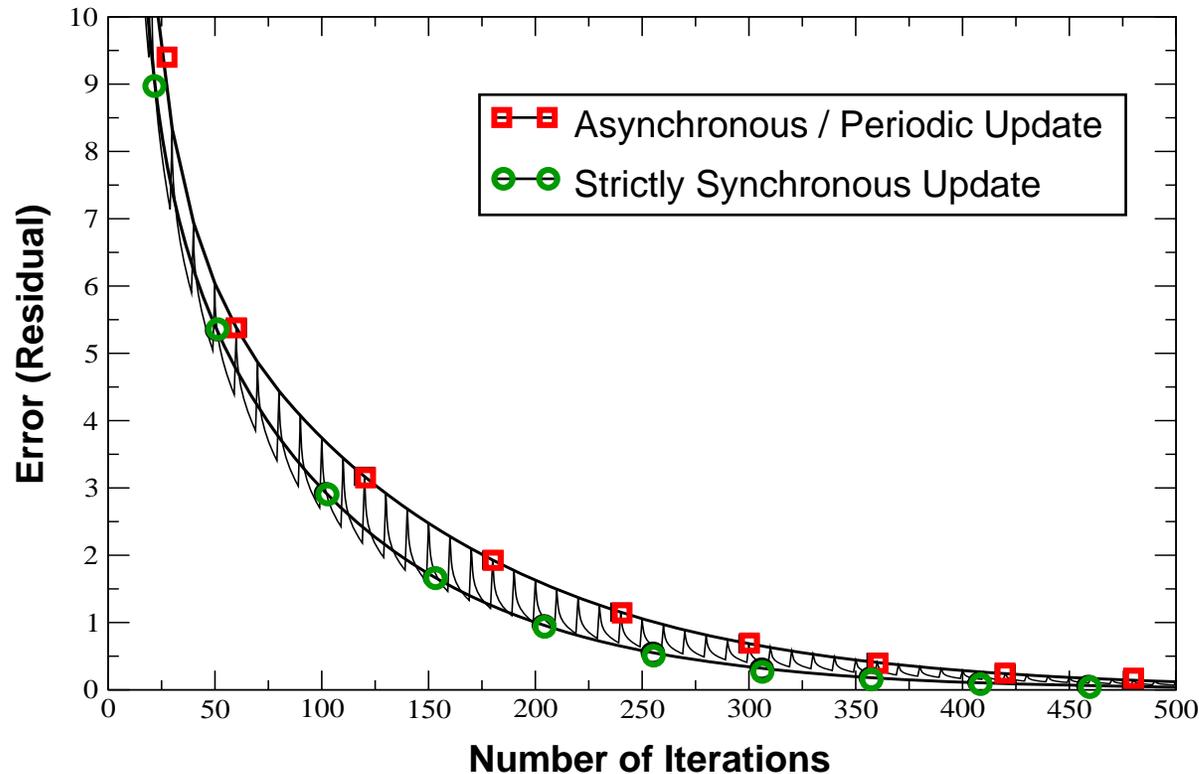


$$f(P0, P1) > f(P2, P3)$$

- **Adaptation to Heterogeneity:**

(2) Bottlenecks in **Communication**

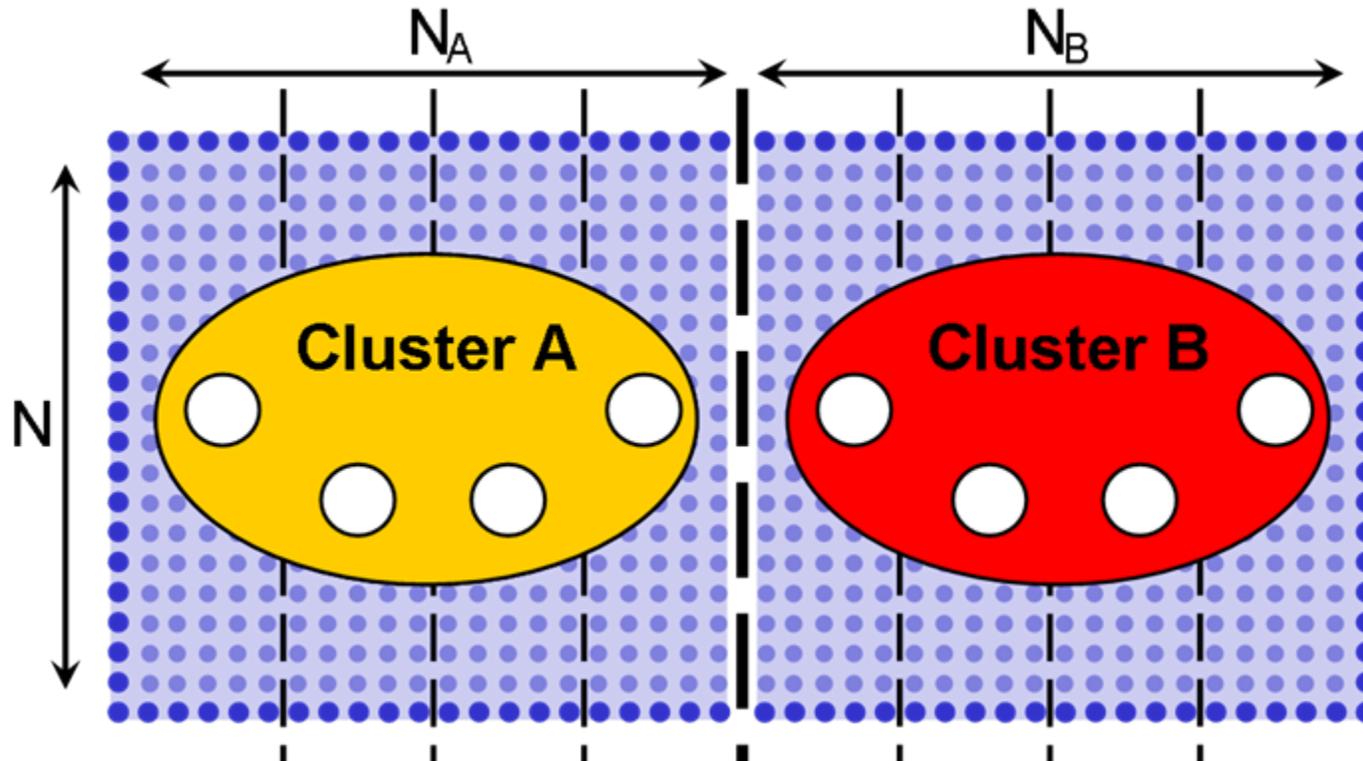
→ **compensate weak communication resources by asynchronous / periodic relaxation!**



- Benchmark Description:**

- (1) Domain Decomposition**

→ **Load Balance:** $N_A + N_B = 2 N$

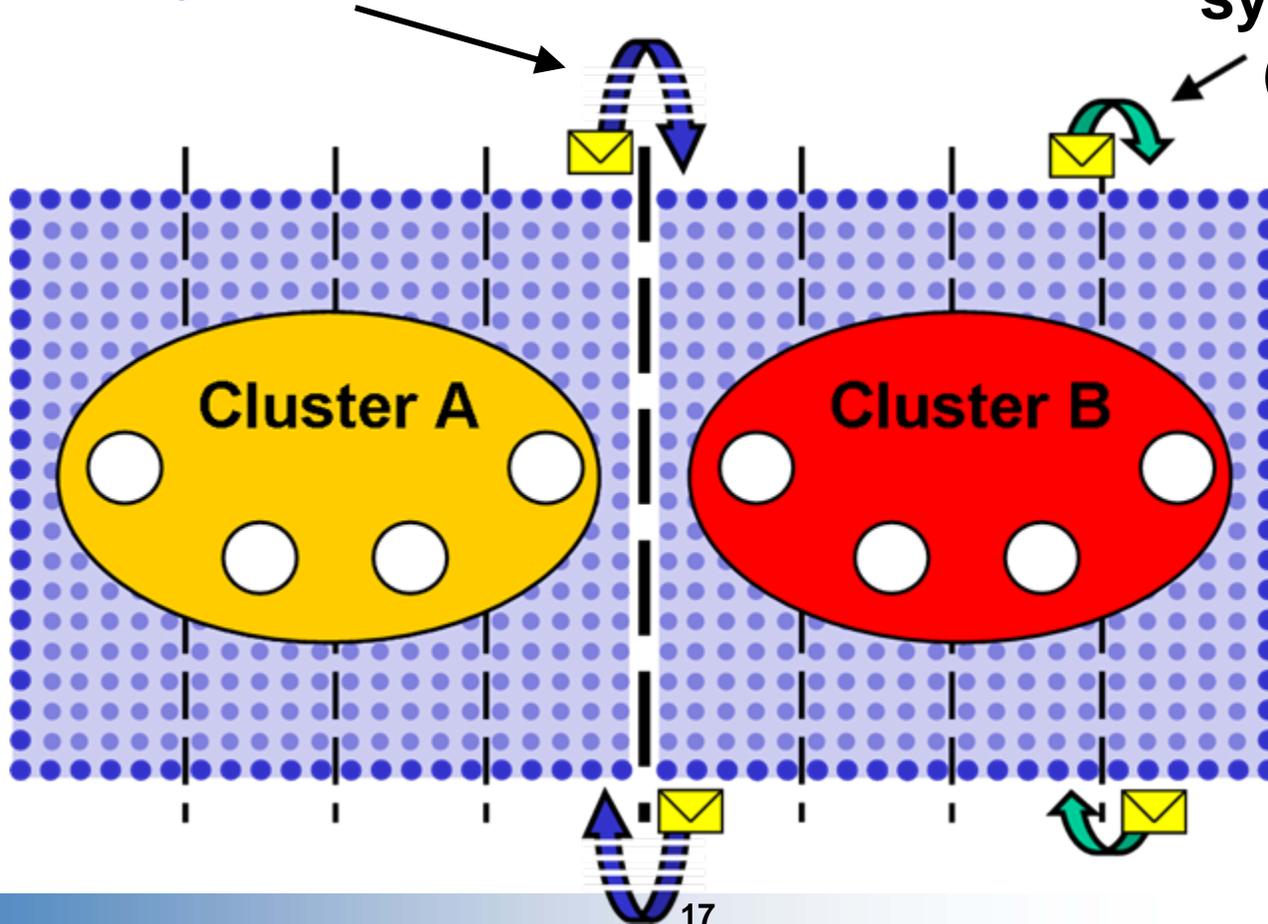


- Benchmark Description:**

- (2) The Inter-Cluster Bottleneck**

→ **Asynchronous** Relaxation

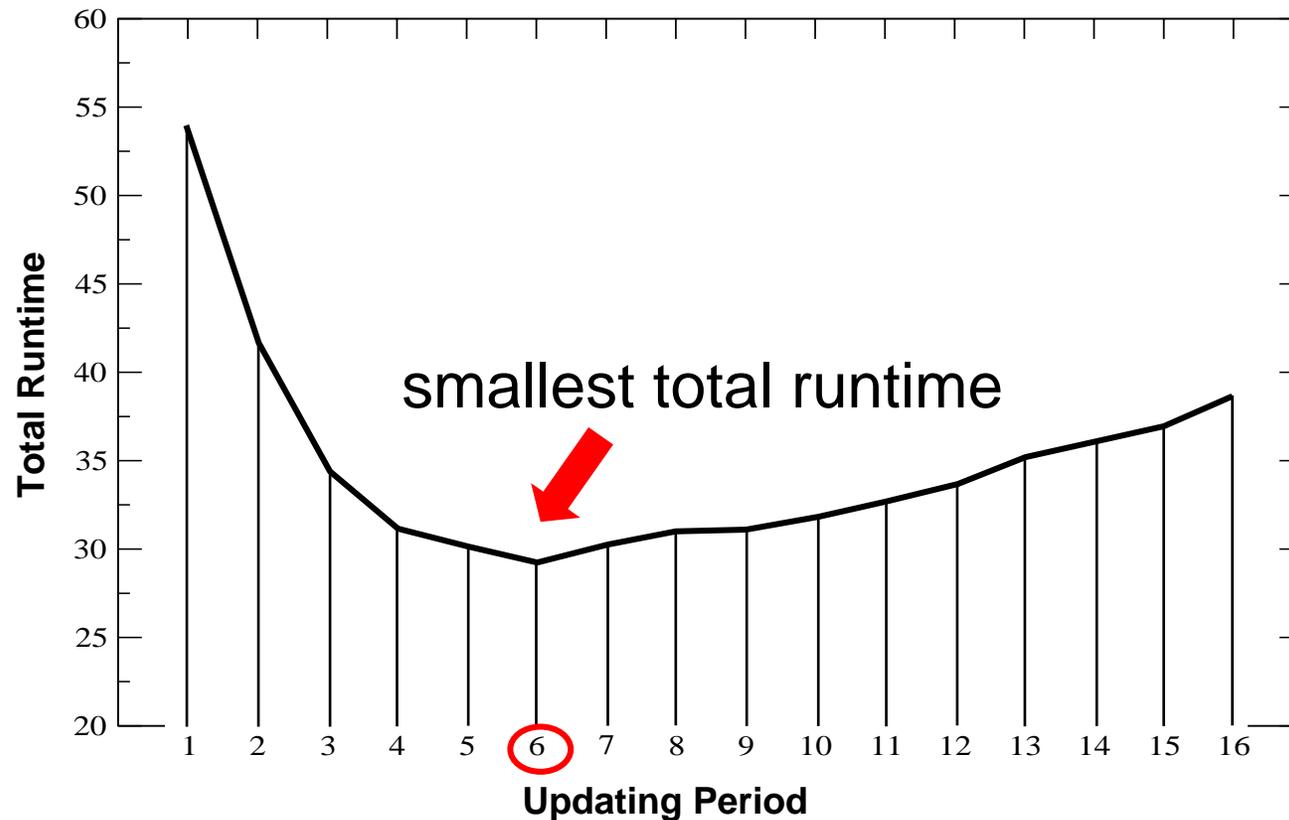
synchronous
(internal)



- **Benchmark Description:**

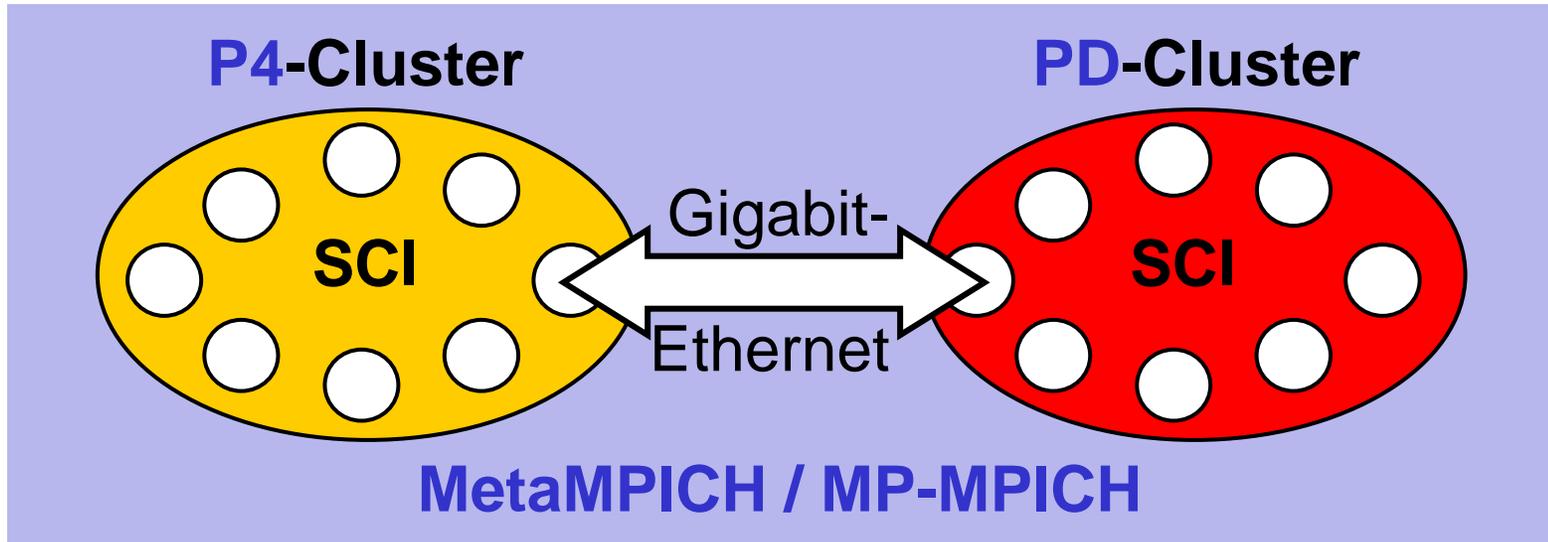
(2) The Inter-Cluster Bottleneck

→ Find the best periodic updating scheme:



- **Benchmark Procedure:**
 1. **local run** (no inter-cluster communication)
→ ratio of computational power
 2. **transparent run** with no optimization applied
→ *Artless Speedup*
 3. **determination of the best updating period**
 4. **optimized run** with load-balance and the best periodic updating scheme
→ *Artful Speedup*

- **The Scenario:**



- **P4-Cluster:**

- 8 Xeon Nodes, 16 CPUs
- 2.4 GHz, 512 kByte Cache
- 8 GByte Total Memory
- SCI-Network, 2*4 2D-Torus
- Gigabit-Ethernet

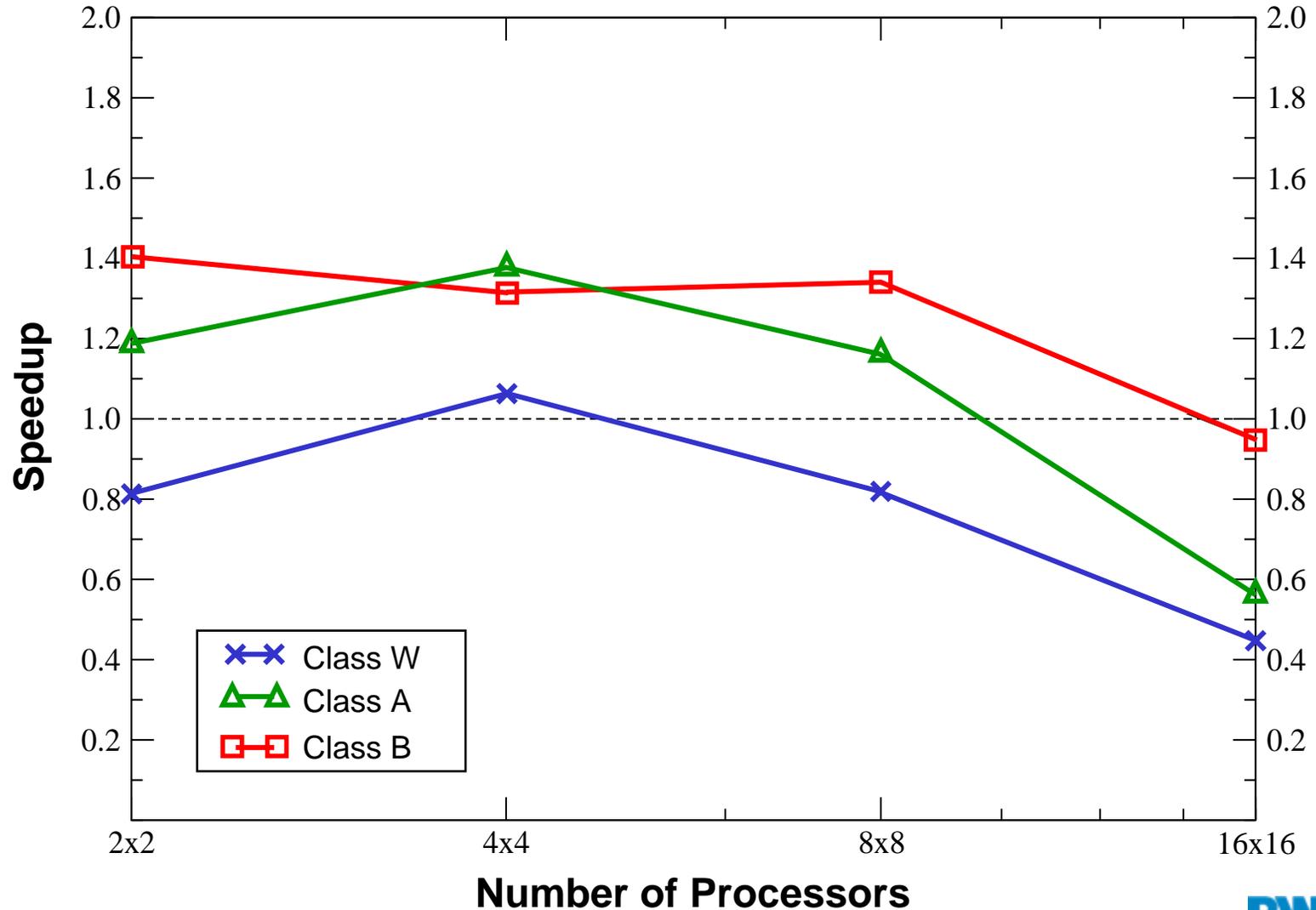
- **PD-Cluster:**

- 16 PentiumD DualCore CPUs
- 2.8 GHz, 1 MByte Cache
- 8 GByte Total Memory
- SCI-Network, 3*4 2D-Torus
- Gigabit-Ethernet

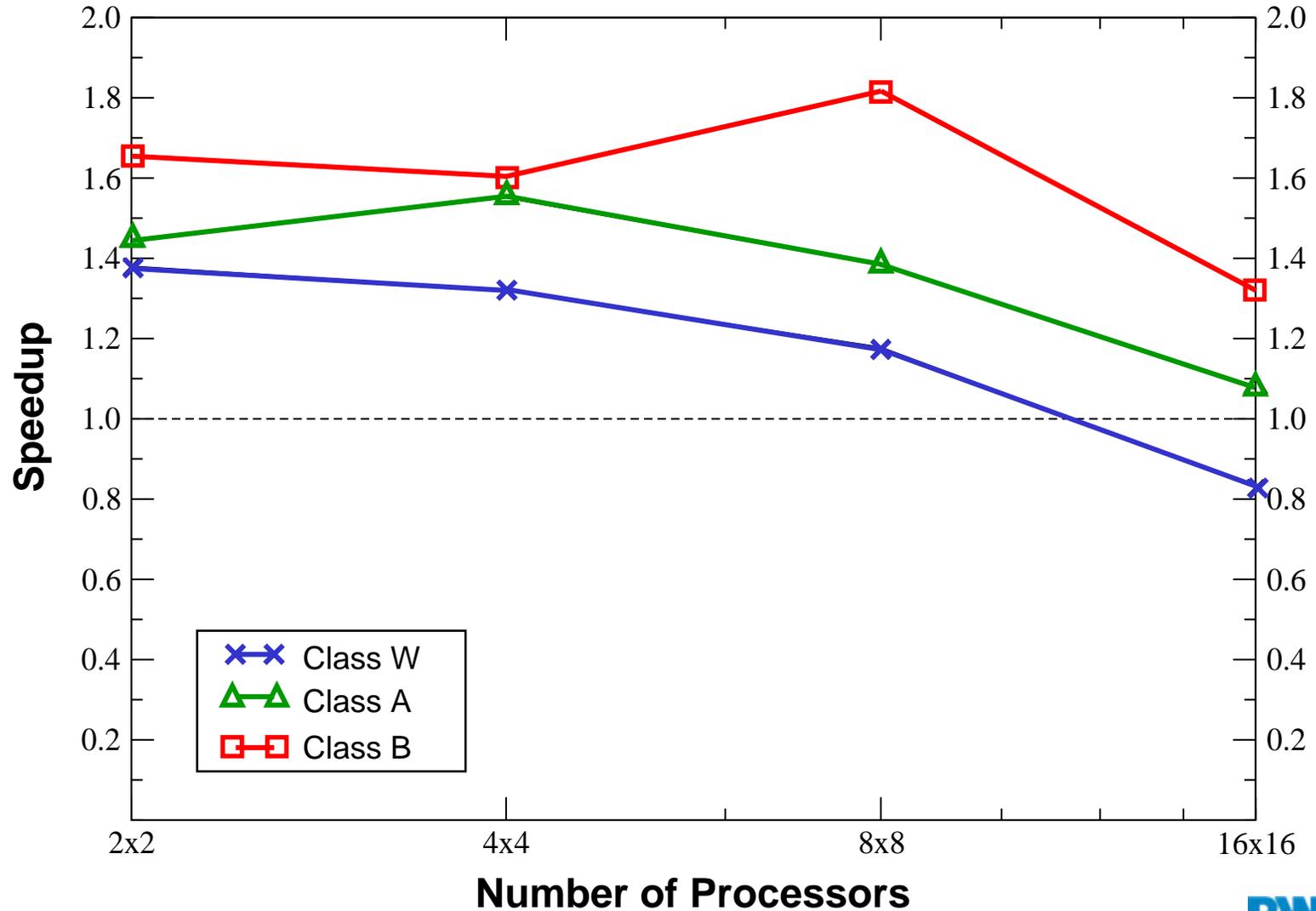
- **The Problem Classes:**

Class	Size of N	Purpose
S	16	Very Small Systems / Test-Runs
W	128	Small Clusters of Workstations
A	256	Midsize Productivity Clusters
B	512	High Performance Clusters
C	1024	Coupled Top-500 Systems

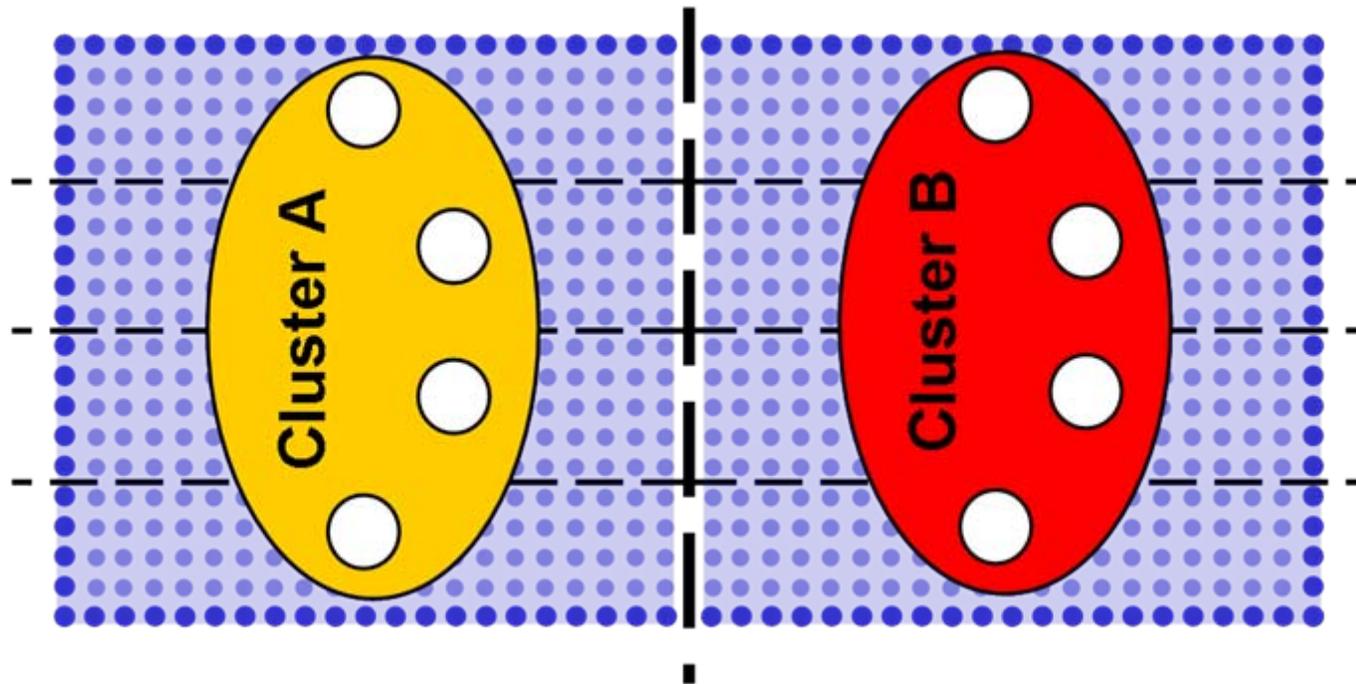
- Measured *Artless* Speedups:



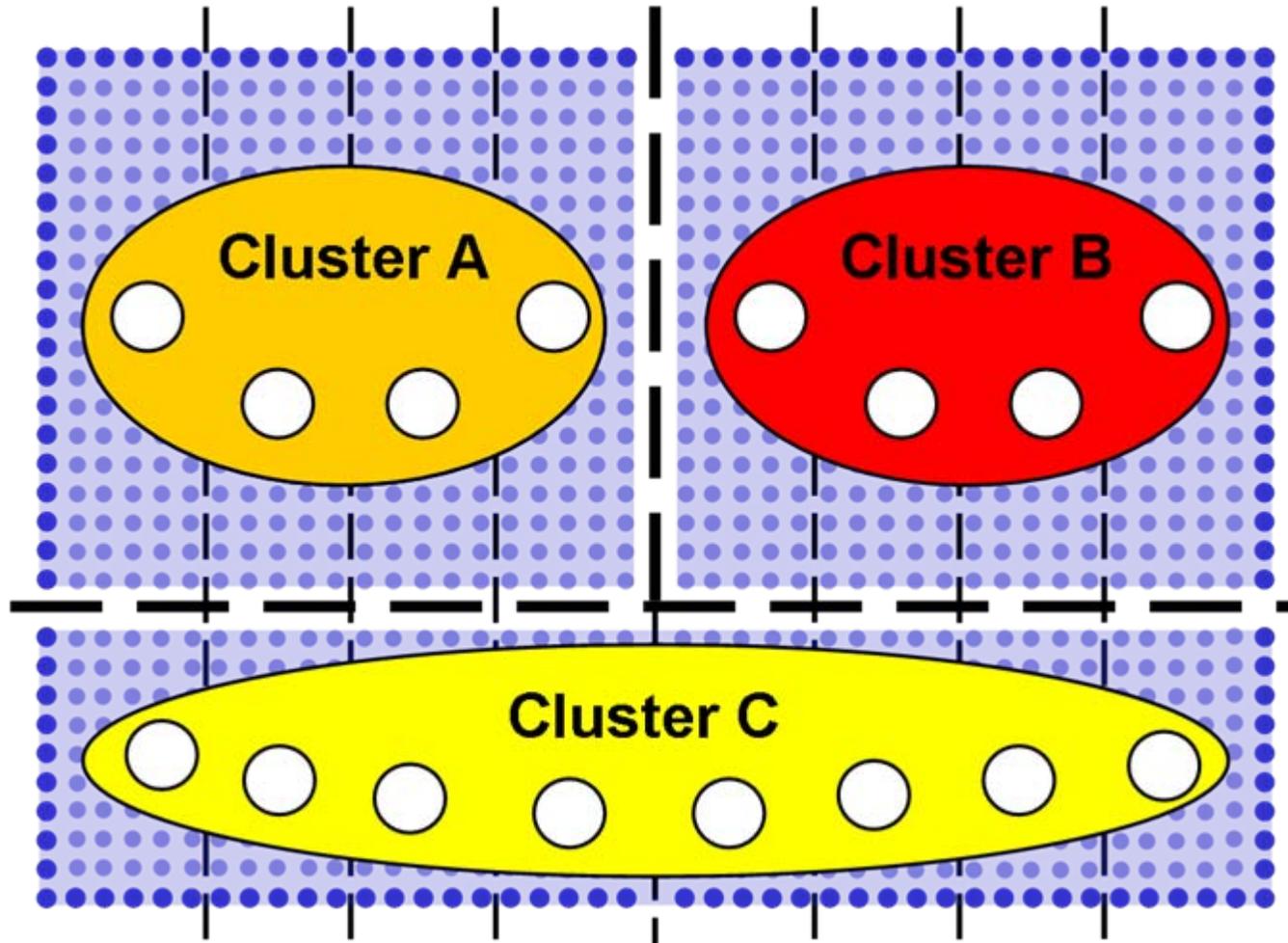
- Measured *Artful* Speedups:



- **Alternative Domain Decomposition:**
 → especially in case of an **All-to-All** connectivity?



- More Than Two Sites?



Thank you for your attention!

**Carsten Clauss
Chair for Operating Systems (LfBS)
RWTH Aachen University, Germany**

www.MP-MPICH.de



LEHRSTUHL FÜR BETRIEBSSYSTEME

Univ.-Prof. Dr. habil. Thomas Bemerl

